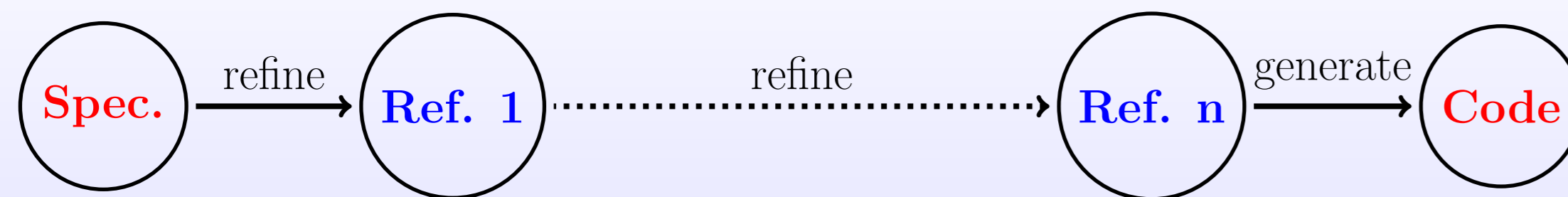


## Event-B

Event-B is a formal method for developing **discrete transition systems** that are **correct by construction**. An important technique is **refinement**.



Applications:

- **Embedded** systems: mechanical press controller
- **Concurrent** systems: Simpson's 4-slot algorithm
- **Sequential** programs: reversing a linked list
- **Distributed** systems: leader election algorithms
- **Parallel** systems: digital circuits
- **Large** systems in a possibly **hostile environment**: railway systems

## RODIN Project (09/2004–08/2007)

- European sixth framework programme
- Specific targeted research project
- Full title: rigorous open development environment for complex systems
- Partners: University of Newcastle, Abo Akademi, ClearSy, Nokia, Praxis, VTEC, ETH Zurich, University of Southampton
- Objectives: create a **methodology** and supporting **open tool platform** for the cost effective **rigorous development** of dependable complex software system and services.
- ETHZ's task: develop a **core tool platform** for Event-B.

## DEPLOY Project (01/2008–12/2011)

- European seventh framework programme
- Large scale integrated project
- Full title: industrial deployment of advanced system engineering methods for high productivity and dependability
- Industrial partners: Bosch, SAP, Siemens, Space Systems Finland
- Academic partners: University of Newcastle, Abo Akademi, CETIC, ClearSy, ETH Zurich, University of Düsseldorf, Systerel, University of Southampton
- Objectives: make major advances in engineering methods for dependable systems through the **deployment of formal engineering methods**.
- ETHZ's tasks:
  - **Technology transfer** to partners
  - Industrial **case studies**
  - Integration of **decision procedure**
  - Research on a methodology for **security**
  - Contribute to **development and maintenance of tools**.

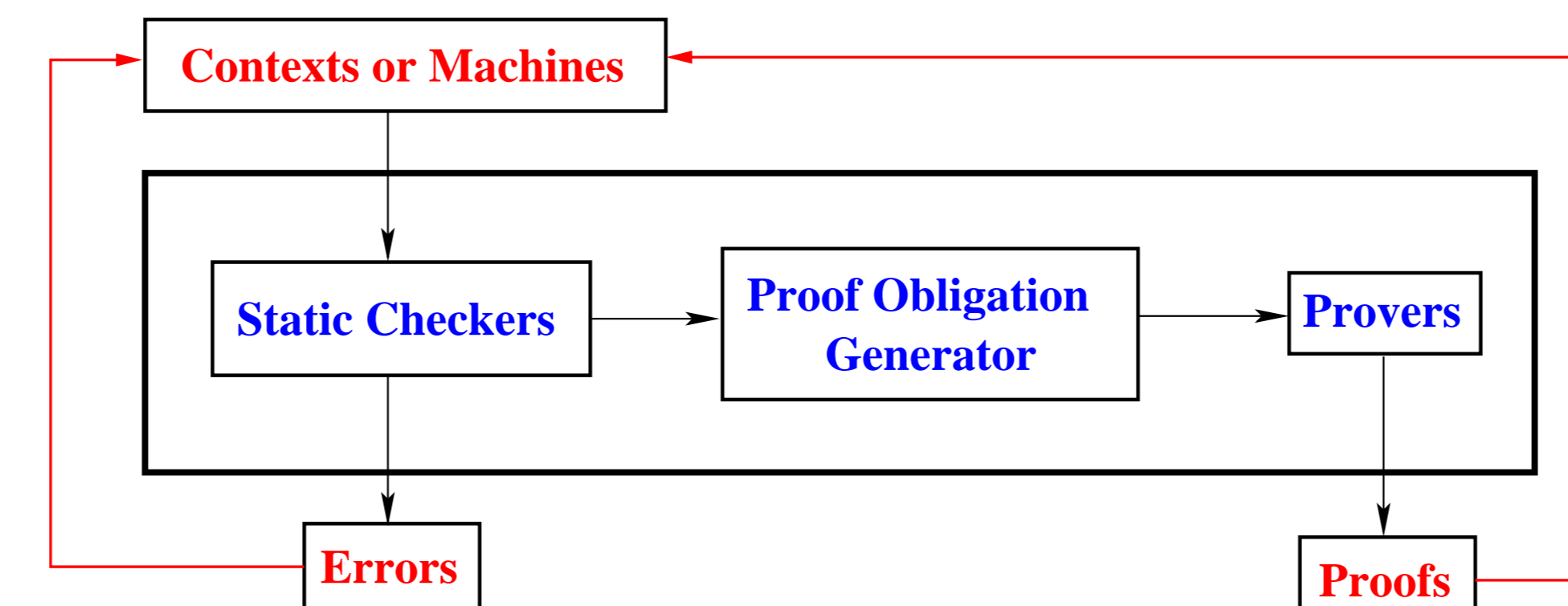
## Contributions

Our main contribution is the Event-B modeling method and the Rodin platform.

Important properties:

- Event-B as a formal method for modeling **transition systems** via **refinement**
- The underlying logic is a restricted version of **classical set theory**.
- Systematic treatment of **partiality**
- Carefully designed **notation** leads to **simple proofs**.
- Event-B is applicable to **various problem domains**.
- The Rodin platform supports **incremental development**.
- The Rodin platform is **free, open source**, and **extensible**.
- Various **case studies** have been developed using the Rodin platform.

## Development Process within the Rodin Platform



## Example: Finding Maximum

### Specification

```
maximum
begin
  m := max(ran(f))
end
```

- Input  $f \in 1..n \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  is an array of numbers.
- Output  $m$  is the maximum of the numbers in  $f$ .

### Refinement

```
maximum
refines maximum
when
  p = q
then
  m := f(p)
end
```

```
inc
when
  p < q
  f(p) ≤ f(q)
then
  p := p + 1
end
```

```
dec
when
  p < q
  f(q) < f(p)
then
  q := q - 1
end
```

### Invariants

```
invariants:
  p ∈ 1..n
  q ∈ 1..n
  p ≤ q
  max(ran(f)) ∈ f[p..q]
```

### Simulation Proof Obligation

```
...
max(ran(f)) ∈ f[p..q]
p = q
⊢
max(ran(f)) = f(p)
```

## Some Challenges

- Identify **domain specific challenges** through case studies with SAP and Bosch.
- Define **formal patterns** to facilitate **reuse of models and proofs**.
- Reuse generic models by **instantiation**.
- Incorporate **decomposition** of models for compositional reasoning and reuse.
- How to **reuse, instantiate, and extend logical theories** in a practical way?
- Improve existing **automatic theorem provers** and integrate **decision procedures**.
- Incorporate **probabilistic choice**.
- Find methodologies for **modeling security**.

## Past Collaborators

- Stefan Hallerstede (post-doc)
- Francois Terrier (master student)
- Farhad Mehta (PhD student)
- Laurent Voisin (chief architect of the Rodin platform)

## Selected Publications

- The Event-B book:  
J.-R. Abrial. *Modeling in Event-B: System and Software Design*. Cambridge University Press. To appear in early 2009.
- Development of a semi-reactive system – topology discovery – in Event-B.  
T. S. Hoang, H. Kuruma, D. Basin and J.-R. Abrial. *Developing Topology Discovery in Event-B*. To appear in *iFM* 2009.
- Systematic treatment of partiality: A model is well-defined only if a partial function is never evaluated outside of its domain.  
F. Mehta. A practical approach to partiality - a proof based approach. In *ICFEM*, volume 5256 of *LNCS*, pages 238–257, 2008.
- About patterns:  
J.-R. Abrial and T. S. Hoang. Using design patterns in formal methods: An Event-B approach. In *ICTAC*, volume 5160 of *LNCS*, pages 1–2, 2008.
- Refinement, decomposition, and instantiation in Event-B:  
J.-R. Abrial and S. Hallerstede. Refinement, decomposition, and instantiation of discrete models: Application to Event-B. *Fundamenta Informaticae*, 77(1-2):1–28, 2007.
- How reactive (incremental) development is supported within Rodin:  
F. Mehta. Supporting proof in a reactive development environment. In *SEFM*, pages 103–112. IEEE Computer Society, 2007.
- After extending Event-B with probabilistic choice, it is still possible to prove convergence properties without referring to complicated probabilistic theory.  
S. Hallerstede and T. S. Hoang. Qualitative probabilistic modelling in Event-B. In *iFM*, volume 4591 of *LNCS*, pages 293–312, 2007.
- Best Paper Award**
- The Event-B notation has been carefully designed to be simple, easily teachable and suitable for a modelling tool.  
S. Hallerstede. Justifications for the Event-B modelling notation. In *B*, volume 4355 of *LNCS*, pages 49–63, 2007.
- An introduction to the Rodin platform:  
J.-R. Abrial, M. J. Butler, S. Hallerstede, and L. Voisin. An open extensible tool environment for Event-B. In *ICFEM*, volume 4260 of *LNCS*, pages 588–605, 2006.
- An investigation of the interplay between probabilistic theory and Event-B:  
C. Morgan, T. S. Hoang, and J.-R. Abrial. The challenge of probabilistic Event-B. In *ZB*, volume 3455 of *LNCS*, pages 162–171, 2005.